

Product Data Sheet

Date of Issue: 5 Oct 2021

1. Product Information

- Product Name : Flamma® 552 NHS ester
- Catalog Number : PWS1122
- Packing Unit : 1 mg / 5 mg / 25 mg
- Appearance : Red Solid
- Storage Conditions : Protect from Light at -20 °C

2. Additional Information

• Fluorophore Label :	Flamma® 552
• Reactive Group :	NHS ester
• Reactive Toward :	Primary amine on proteins and ligands, amine-modified oligonucleotides
• Molecular Formula :	$C_{38}H_{47}N_3O_{10}S_2^-$
• Molecular Weight :	796.92 g/mol
• Excitation _{Max} :	$550 \pm 3 \text{ nm}$
• Emission _{Max} :	$564 \pm 4 \text{ nm}$
• Extinction Coefficient :	\geq 136,000 /cm·M

3. Description

Flamma[®] Fluors 552 NHS ester is a reactive form of bright yellow fluorescent dye induced from cyanine structure and used to generate a stable fluorescence signal in bioimaging. The maxima of Ex/Em values are at 550/565 nm, similar to that of Alexa 555, DyLight 549, ATTO 550 and Cy3. Flamma 552 might be excited using the 532, 543, 546 or 555 nm laser lines and displays excellent optical property. Flamma 552 can be conjugated to low-abundance biomolecules with great sensitivity and high molar ratios, allowing sensitive detection. NHS esters readily react with amine-modified oligonucleotides or amino groups of proteins, i.e. the ε-amino groups of lysine or the amine terminus of nucleotides to form a chemically stable amide bond between dye and the biomolecule. We offer Flamma Fluors 552 dye for labeling of antibodies, peptides, proteins, ligands, and amplification substrates optimized for cellular labeling and detection.

WARNING: Intended for research use only. This product is not intended or approved for human, diagnostics, therapeutic or veterinary use. Use of this product for human or animal testing is extremely hazardous and may result in disease, severe injury, or death. MATERIAL SAFETY DATA: Review the complete Material Safety Data Sheet before use Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), Certificate of Analysis (COA) and Technical Information are available at http://www.bioacts.com or upon request.